

**Appendix 1** to Ogunbiyi S, Perry A, Hawkes E, et al. Phyllodes tumour of the breast and margins: How much is enough? *Can J Surg* 2019.

DOI: 10.1503/jpn.005718

Copyright © 2019 The Author(s) or their employer(s).

To receive this resource in an accessible format, please contact us at [cmajgroup@cmaj.ca](mailto:cmajgroup@cmaj.ca).

*Online appendices are unedited and posted as supplied by the authors.*

## Demographic details and clinical outcome of 64 patients following surgery for Phyllodes tumors.

	<b>Benign Phyllodes group (n=52)</b>	<b>Borderline Phyllodes group (n=8)</b>	<b>Malignant Phyllodes group (n=4)</b>
<b>Mean age at diagnosis, Years (Range)</b>	<b>41.8 (21-66)</b>	<b>41.9 (28-54)</b>	<b>67 (63-70)</b>
<b>Mean duration of follow up, Months (± SD)</b>	<b>21.2 (± 20.5)</b>	<b>25.5 (± 22.4)</b>	<b>6.5 (± 11)</b>
<b>Mean tumour size, cm (±SD)</b>	<b>3.4 (± 2.1)</b>	<b>5.0 (± 4)</b>	<b>15.1 (± 12.7)</b>
<b>Clear Margin of 1mm or less, N (% of group)</b>	<b>21 (40.4%)</b>	<b>5 (62.5%)</b>	<b>1 (25%)</b>
<b>Clear Margin of more than 1mm, N (% of group)</b>	<b>11 (21.2%)</b>	<b>0 (0%)</b>	<b>2 (50%)</b>
<b>Involved Margin, N (% of group)</b>	<b>20 (38.5%)</b>	<b>3 (37.5%)</b>	<b>1 (25%)</b>
<b>Involved Margin re-excision, N (% of group)</b>	<b>7 (13.5%)</b>	<b>2 (25%)</b>	<b>1 (25%)</b>
<b>Local Recurrence, N (% of group)</b>	<b>1 (1.9%)</b>	<b>0 (0%)</b>	<b>0 (0%)</b>