Appendix 1 to Rozario D. Can surgical site infections be reduced with the adoption of a bundle of simultaneous initiatives? The use of NSQIP incidence data to follow multiple quality improvement interventions. *Can J Surg* 2017.

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Appendix: Preoperative shower instruction sheet



CHLORHEXIDINE – CHD SHOWER INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE SURGERY Department of Surgery



Purchase one 4oz (115mL) bottle Chlorhexidine gluconate 4% (CHD) from your local pharmacy

DIRECTIONS:

Take **TWO** showers, **one** the **night before** surgery and another the morning of surgery

- I. Remove all jewelry and body piercings.
- 2. Wash your hair and body using your normal soap and shampoo. Rinse. Step away from the water.
- 3. Wet a clean washcloth and apply CHD solution to the wet washcloth. Use half of the CHD for the first shower and half for the next one.
- 4. Wash your entire body from the neck down using the wet, soapy washcloth. Clean your belly button thoroughly with Q-tips and CHD, (wash your outer genital and anal areas last). Leave the solution on the skin for 3 minutes, then rinse the cleaner thoroughly from your body.
- 5. Use a clean towel to pat your skin dry.
- 6. Dress in fresh clean sleepwear/clothes. Sleep in clean sheets the night before your surgery.

If you have any questions or concerns,

∑<u>ро not !</u>

- Do not use the Chlorhexidine near your eyes, ears, mouth or vagina
- Do not use if you are allergic to Chlorhexidine, consult your surgeon
- Do not apply body moisturizing lotion or powder after your shower
- Do not shave, clip, or wax, below your neck for 7 days before surgery

() <u>IMPORTANT!</u>

If you experience any signs of allergy for example a rash, breathing difficulties, palpitations, or swelling of the lips, tongue and throat, or if you feel unwell in any way, STOP use and please seek medical advice immediately, visit your Emergency Department, family doctor, or call Telehealth Ontario (1-866-797-0000) or 911 **Appendix 1** to Rozario D. Can surgical site infections be reduced with the adoption of a bundle of simultaneous initiatives? The use of NSQIP incidence data to follow multiple quality improvement interventions. *Can J Surg* 2017.

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Appendix: Skin Preparation Protocol

Key Points for Surgical Prep Assess patient for allergies, choose appropriate prep based on potential allergies and area to be prepped Perform hand hygiene • Confirm surgical site Start at clean incision site and move away to • periphery, obtain new applicator sponge as needed Contaminated incision site (perineum, stoma, open • wound, drain, axilla) prep surrounding area first Prep in a back and forth motion, with light ٠ friction, in 2 direction motion for 30 seconds 15 second Ensure surgical site marking is still visible Collect pooling and drips with towel or blue pad and • remove prior to draping Allow adequate time for skin antiseptic to dry ~ 3 mins prior to draping Document pre-op skin condition, antiseptic used, • area prepped, and post-op skin condition